

Application Instructions for Cedar Shingles

Instructions for Applying FSR Cedar Shingles as a Class "C" or "B" Roof Covering

FSR pressure-treated western red cedar shingles labeled "Class C" or "Class B" are applied over a substrate of 1 inch (25 mm) by 4 inch (102 mm) spaces sheathing boards or not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick plywood with exterior glue which shall be installed in accordance with the applicable code.

Roof Pitch and Exposure

Proper weather exposure is important, and depends largely on roof slope. On roof slopes of 4" rise in 12" horizontal run (pitch 1/6) and steeper, the standard exposures are: 5" for 16" shingles; 5-1/2" for 18" shingles; and 7-1/2" for 24" shingles. On roof slopes less than 4/12 to a minimum of 3/12, reduced exposures are recommended.

Roof Application

Shingles are normally applied in straight, single courses. Shingles must be doubled at all eaves. Butts of first-course shingles should project 1-1/2" beyond the first sheathing board. Spacing between adjacent shingles (joints) should be 1/4" to 3/8". Joints in any one course should be separated not less than 1-1/2" from joints in adjacent courses, and joints in alternate courses should not be in direct alignment.

Fasteners

Stainless steel fasteners (ASTM type 304 or 316) are recommended. Apply each shingle with two (only) fasteners. Each fastener should be placed not more than 3/4" from the side edge of the shingle and not more than 1" above the exposure line. Use 3d (1-1/4") nails for 16" and 18" shingles, and 4d (1-1/2") for 24" shingles. In all cases, fasteners should be long enough to penetrate at least 3/4" or through the sheathing. Drive them flush, but not so that the head crushes the wood.

FSR Treatment Inc. does not warranty fasteners.

Valleys, Hips and Ridges

The roof valley flashing shall be not less than No. 28 gauge pre-painted baked enamel metal applied over an underlay of not less than Type 15 felt. The metal shall extend at least 11" from the center line each way. Hips and ridges can be site-fabricated, or factory-formed. Weather exposure should be the same as that used in applying shingles in the field of the roof (see above), and nails should be of sufficient length (usually 8d) to firmly attach the hip and ridge shingles to the underlying sheathing. Flashing and counter-flashing should be applied as illustrated.

Appearance Notice: Both fire retardant treated and non-treated cedar shakes and shingles contain natural oils. FSR Treatment Inc is not responsible for any appearance defects caused by extractive bleeding.

Warning: Both raw and fire retardant treated cedar products contain a level of tannic acid that can cause corrosion to unprotected metals and concrete surfaces. Pre-painted galvanized or pre-painted aluminum gutters are recommended. Initial water runoff over both raw and fire retardant cedar can cause staining. A low pressure wash of the roof immediately after application is recommended. FSR Treatment Inc is not responsible for any direct or indirect damages caused by water runoff.

Tel: (604) 462-0045 Fax: (604) 462-0258

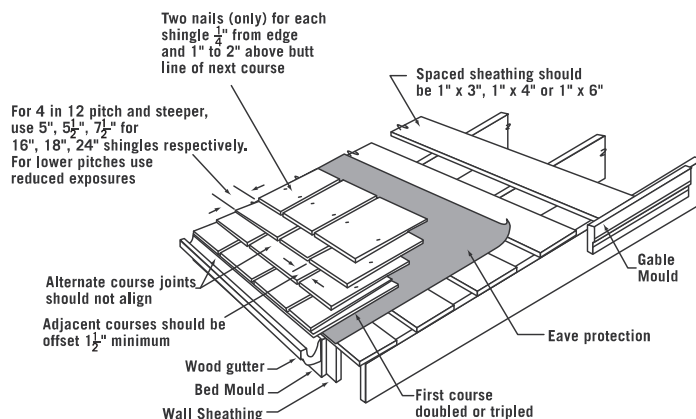
Toll-Free: 1 800 806-9663

Email: Sales@swforest.com

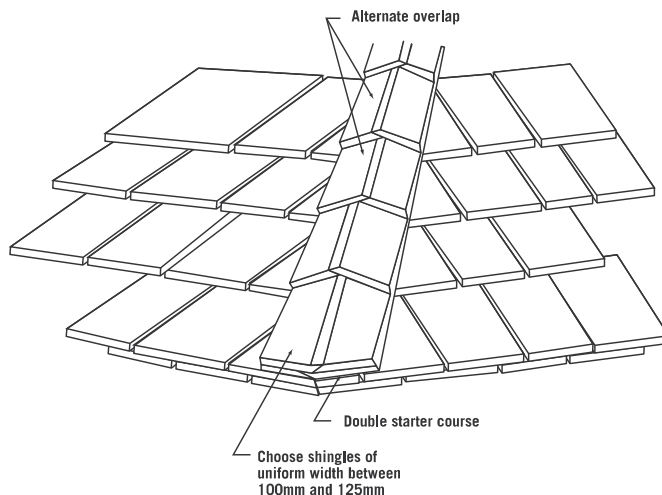
Website: www.SWForest.com

9486 - 288 Street, Maple Ridge, BC Canada V2W 1L1

ROOFS



HIPS and RIDGES



VALLEYS

